Abstract— The process of finding stolen vehicle is very time-consuming for the cops. So, we are developing such a software that will help cops to find the STOLEN vehicle faster. For this reason there is a need for a system where the vehicle must have it’s unique and universal identity. In this project we are using the IC which we will embed in the vehicle. Whenever the vehicle goes, it will have it’s unique and universal identity with it. When anybody stolen the vehicles, the owner of the vehicle register his/her complaints to the police station, then police will upload the information of stolen vehicle in the server database. If that stolen vehicle will passes through the range of receiver then the message will display on the tablet of police which contains the whole information about that stolen vehicle. So, this system can be useful to detect the vehicle and get it’s details like it’s insurance, registration details, vehicle information, current location and many more. Any person cannot hide the vehicles identity. The vehicle can be tracked anywhere in this world, where the universal vehicle catcher system is available.

Index Terms—Transmitter, Receiver, RF IC,

I. INTRODUCTION

In this system, we will need a receiver circuit at the system end. Each vehicle using the universal vehicle Catcher system would have it’s unique pin code. The communication is between pin with the vehicle and the signal is sent to the receiver end. The receiver catches the signal and acts accordingly. The receiver may show various details regarding the vehicle in communication with the receiver. The software part will be created in ‘Java’. It’s an easy language to interact with the Com and LPT Ports. The devices may be connected to COM port or the LPT port. Our software will be using the LPT port (Parallel port) for communication with the hardware circuit connected to the port. We can receive 8-bit data from the LPT port. This data can then be further processed to get the exact result. Data sending is also an easier task using LPT port.

In all data sending and receiving through the LPT port from ‘Java’ language is easy. The receiver end will be connected to the LPT port of the computer. After receiving the signal from the transmitter, the data is processed and sent through the parallel port to the computer. The software checks the unique identification and shows the information of the vehicle.

II. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF SYSTEM

The vehicle will have it’s unique and universal identity with it. When anybody stole the vehicles, the owner of the vehicle register his/her complaints to the police station, then police will upload the information of stolen vehicle in the server database. If that stolen vehicle will passes through the range of receiver then the message will display on the tablet of police which contains the whole information about that stolen vehicle. So, this system can be useful to detect the vehicle and get it’s details like it’s insurance, registration details, vehicle information, current location and many more. Any person cannot hide the vehicles identity. The vehicle can be tracked anywhere in this world, where the universal vehicle catcher system is available.

III. COMPONENT OF SYSTEM

There are two main components of project:-
A) RF Transmitter IC.
B) RF Receiver IC.

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### A. RF Transmitter IC.

In this type of transmitter circuit IC used is TX 2 40927287. It is also called as tone generator IC. It is a 14pin IC. In this IC Pin no. 1 is connected to switch 1 through ground (i.e. switch is pressed, ground is connected to pin no. 1). Similarly, pin no. 3 connected to switch 2 through a ground, pin no 4 is connected to switch 3 through ground. And pins 7 and 6 connected to switch 4 through a ground. When the particular switch is pressed the IC will generate particular tone signal. Pin no. 9 is connected to 3V Vcc through battery. Pin no 14 is also connected to ground or negative terminal of battery. Pin no. 8 is output pin. Pin no 11 and 14 are short through resistor 31 ohms.

### B. RF Receiver IC.

In this type of receiver circuit, antenna receives particular frequency. Inductor L1 and capacitor C1 and C2 and resistor 22 ohms are used to filter the signal (noise signal). It is also called Inductor capacitor filter. The other circuit uses the transistor T1 and capacitor C3, C4, R7, C9, C7, R6, C5, C6, diode D1, R8, C11, C1 and C5. It is used to filter and amplify the frequency given to pin no. 13 of Rx-2 503113287 I. The pin 1,2,3 are connected to the capacitor C12, R19, and R7. Pin 4 and 5 are connected to resistor R10. Pin 6,7,12 and 11 are output pins. The IC is used to receive the particular frequency and the particular pin of IC (output pin 6,7,12,11) is active or high logic. The base of transistor T2, T5, T8, T11 is active and collector voltage flows through the ammeter through the LED’s, then the LED’s will glow.

### IV. Modules

There are three main modules of project:-

A. **Authentication Screen and Flash Screen Module**

B. **Main Screen Module**

C. **Hardware interfacing Module**

A. **Authentication Screen and Flash Screen Module:**

Check authentication user and their password. If they will match then next screen will appear. Otherwise, message box show for invalid username and password.

It will display 10–20 sec and it’s content will stud_name, col_name,guide_name etc. Then 10–20 sec main screen will appear.

**Username & Password :** Here Admin will enter the username and password. If it is valid then main screen module will get open.

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B. Main Screen Module:

It will display various menu’s like:

1. Registration
2. Detection

1. In Registration Menu there are three Submenu
   a) Vehicle registration entry:
      This module is used for registering new vehicle entries.
   b) Complaint registration:
      This module is used to register complaints of stolen vehicle.
   c) Exit:
      This module is used to exit from the main menu.

2. In Detection Menu there are again three submenu-
   a) Complaint Detection Form
   b) Insurance Lapse Detect Form:
   c) Traffic rule break

   a) Vehicle registration entry module
   When we click on the vehicle registration menu, then it will display registration form. In this form will appear various textbox, buttons (Add, Remove, Modify, Personal information of customer as well as vehicle).

   • In Add form we will feed all the information about the vehicle i.e. name of vehicle, its UID, licence no. etc.

   • In Modify form we will update respective (that we want to modify) information about vehicle.

   After Clicking on Registration submenu, vehicle entry form will get open. After clicking on add new button on form, we will add new vehicle information.

   b) Complaint Form:
   This module is used to register complaints of stolen vehicle. We can modify this data also. In this form we will also see the previous and next complaint registered.

   c) Traffic rule break

   a) Complaint Detection Form:
   • When we click on the complaint detection submenu then it will display the complaint detection form.

   • The transmitter chip in vehicle continuously transmit the signals (with signal vehicle transmit its unique UID) and receiver IC in police tablet continuously receive the signal. When any stolen vehicle whose complaint is registered is passes nearby
from police tablet. Police tablet receive the signal along with the UID of vehicle, police tablet passes this UID to the server, then server will check whether the vehicle with this UID is a stolen vehicle or not. If it is then server reply this to the police tablet. In police tablet complaint detection window get pop up. It will display all the information of stolen Vehicle. In this way police can caught the theft who stole the vehicle.

Transmitter IC is embedded in vehicle and it is used to transmit the signal.

3)IC Name:IM-283.

The IM283 is a fully-integrated 125 kHz RFID reader Circuit. IM283 is versatile enough to work in most low-power (short distance) and high power (longer distance) applications.

**CONCLUSION**

In this way we are able to find the stolen vehicles in shorter period of time and also it reduces the overhead of cops to find the stolen vehicle.

**REFERENCES**


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